

5022-SA DISK BRAKE SPRING / AIR VERSION

Owner's Operation, Installation & Maintenance Manual

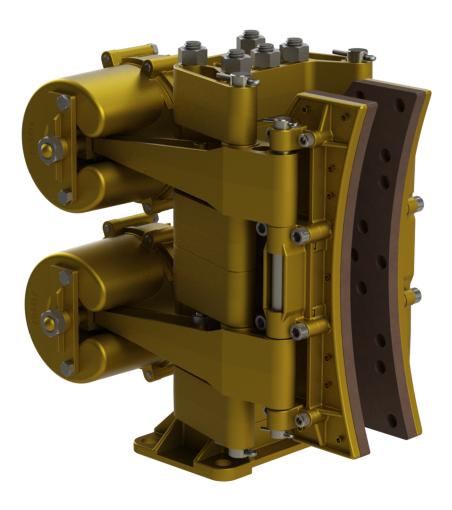


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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 CONTACT INFORMATION

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Canada, V3W 0A6	Website:	www.kobelt.com

For further instructions, please contact our distributors or visit our website.

1.2 SAFETY INFORMATION

1.2.1 Safety Instructions

Notice to Installer:

Disregarding the following safety measures can result in an accident causing severe injury to personnel and damage to material assets:

- Only use the product as directed in this manual.
- Never put the product into service if there is evidence of visible damage.
- Never put the product into service before fully completing installation and commissioning.
- Do not carry out any modifications to the product.
- Only use authentic Kobelt spare parts.
- Observe all local regulations, directives and laws during the installation of this product.
- All installation, commissioning and maintenance work must only be conducted by qualified personnel. (For the purpose of this manual, qualified personnel are persons who are familiar with the assembly, installation, commissioning, and operation of the product and who have the qualifications necessary for their occupation.)
- Observe all specifications in this manual. If these guidelines are not followed and damage occurs, the warranty will be voided.

1.2.2 Hazards

Throughout this publication, Warnings and Cautions accompanied by the International Hazard Symbol \bigwedge is used to alert the user to special instructions concerning a particular service or operation that may be hazardous if performed incorrectly or carelessly.

▲ DANGER	Equipment Starts Automatically: Brake systems frequently are controlled remotely and may activate suddenly causing bodily harm. Ensure all power sources are locked out prior to performing work.	
Image: A contract of the brackes are not pressurized. The springs will release suddenly if disassembled incorrectly posing a risk of serious injury or death. Do no attempt to disassemble the actuators without clear work instructions a training.		
	Pinch Points: Brakes contain numerous pinch points which can cause serious injury. Ensure all power sources are locked out prior to performing work.	
	High Pressure Fluids: Kobelt lever brakes use high pressure hydraulics. Ensure all pressure is exhausted and the pressure source locked out prior to performing work.	
	Hot Surfaces: Disc brakes are capable of making the surfaces of the brake disc dangerously hot when burnishing or during braking events. Ensure the disc is adequately guarded to prevent inadvertent contact with the disc.	
SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	Airborne Dust: Brake linings contain fibers that may become airborne during cutting or sanding operations. Over exposure to these dusts should be considered hazardous. Use NIOSH approved respirators when working with brake linings. Request a MSDS for further information.	

1.3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

1.3.1 Overview

The diagram below shows a typical Kobelt caliper brake with all the major components identified. All of the Kobelt caliper brakes can be fitted with either air applied, hydraulic applied, spring applied with air released or spring applied with hydraulic released actuators depending on the required service.

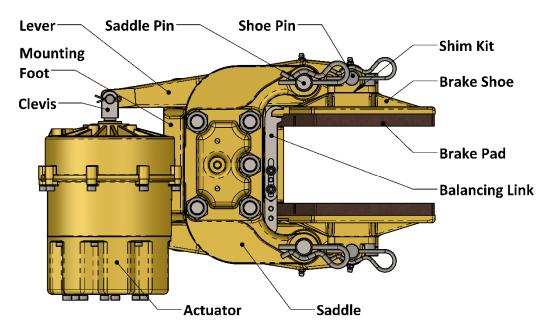


Figure 1: Caliper Brake Nomenclature

1.4 TECHNICAL DATA

Table 1: 5020-SA Technical Data

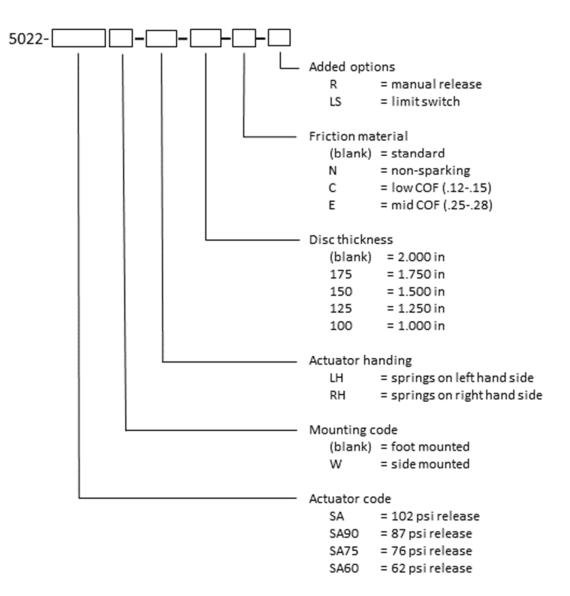
MODEL NORMAL FOR		PRESSU	RES
		RELEASE	HOLD-OFF
5022-SA	9040 lbs [40.2 KN]	102 psi [7.1 bar]	89 psi [6.2 bar]
5022-SA90	8170 lbs [36.4 KN]	87 psi [6.0 bar]	79 psi [5.4 bar]
5022-SA75	7120 lbs [31.7 KN]	76 psi [5.2 bar]	68 psi [4.7 bar]
5022-SA60	5720 lbs [25.5 KN]	62 psi [4.3 bar]	53 psi [3.7 bar]
5022-SA50	4750 lbs [21.1 KN]	52 psi [3.6 bar]	44 psi [3.0 bar]

Maximum Pressure:	250 psi	[17.2 bar]
Port Size:	14 NPT	[
Actuator Volume:	29.2 in ³	[480 cc]
Temperature Range:	-40°F+131°F	[-40°C+55°C]
Disc Thickness:	1¼ in	[32 mm]
Max Running Clearance:	.08in	[2 mm]
Minimum Disc Diameter:	20 in	[508 mm]
Maximum Disc Diameter:	60 in ¹	[1524 mm]
Total Pad Area:	84 in ²	[542 cm ²]
Weight:	102 lbs	[46.3 kg]
	1 2 4 5	wide fees

1) Requires a minimum 4.34 in [110 mm] wide face

Technical data and specifications are also available from our datasheet posted on <u>www.kobelt.com</u> or the technical drawings in Appendix A.

1.5 MODEL CODE KEY



2 INSTALLATION

2.1 PREPARATION

The foundation plate to support the brake caliper must be designed to withstand the maximum braking forces generated by the brake caliper. The foundation must also be flat to ISO tolerance grade IT8 and square to the brake disc. See Appendix A for key installation dimensions. The brake pedestal must be designed to allow the mounting bolts to be inserted from underneath.

The rotating element should have bearings sufficient to carry the weight of the disc and also resist the additional stress when the disc brake is applied.

The spigot that centers the brake disc must not be designed in such a way that it impedes the thermal expansion of the disc.

Actuator ports are plugged to prevent contamination of the seals. Remove the plugs prior to connection to the piping.

Brake discs are shipped with a light rust inhibitor applied to the surfaces. Remove the rust inhibitor using solvent and a cloth prior to installation.

Any guarding around the brakes must provide enough room to allow full extension of the bake actuators plus full pad wear adjustment.

2.2 BRAKE DISCS

The brake disc must be installed onto the rotating element before installing the caliper. Brake discs must meet the following requirements:

MODEL	5000-SERIES	
AXIAL RUN OUT	IT9 (TIR) ¹	
RADIAL RUN OUT	IT11 (TIR) ¹	
FLATNESS	.003 in [.08 mm]	
PILOT FIT	H9/f8	
SURFACE FINISH	63 micro inches [1.6 micrometers] RMS	
SURFACE HARDNESS	Light Duty ² HB135 minimum	
JURFACE HARDNEJJ	Heavy Duty ³ HB235 minimum	

Table 2	: Brake	Disc	Requirements
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¹ International tolerance class. Allowable run out is proportional disc O.D.

² Parking brakes and emergency brakes with stopping times of 10 seconds or less are considered light duty.

³ Ventilated discs are exempted from this requirement

To achieve the runout tolerance the mounting face on the rotating element must be machined flat. Excessive run-out of the disc could cause premature wear of the linings, caliper pins, lever journals as well as the actuators.

The disc mounting bolts used must be of a suitable size and grade to safely resist the brake torque plus the stresses induced from thermal expansion of the disc. For high temperature disc applications, the holes for the mounting bolts must be machined oversized to allow the disc to expand during operation. Ensure that adequate washers are used to bridge the gap between the bolt and bolt hole.

MOUNTING BOLT RADIAL CLEARANCE					
Disc Bolt Circle	Max	kimum Disc Ten	nperature, °F [°	C]	
In [mm]	400 [204]	500 [260]	600 [316]	700 [371]	
10 [254]	0.011 [0.3]	0.014 [0.4]	0.017 [0.4]	0.021	
15 [381]	0.016 [0.4]	0.021 [0.5]	0.026 [0.7]	0.031	
20 [508]	0.022 [0.6]	0.028 [0.7]	0.035 [0.9]	0.041	
25 [635]	0.027 [0.7]	0.035 [0.9]	0.043 [1.1]	0.051	
30 [762]	0.032 [0.8]	0.042 [1.1]	0.052 [1.3]	0.062	
35 [889]	0.038 [1.0]	0.049 [1.2]	0.061 [1.5]	0.072	
40 [1016]	0.043 [1.1]	0.056 [1.4]	0.069 [1.8]	0.082	

Table 3: Mounting Bolt Radial Clearance

To reduce the size of the mounting bolt clearance hole it is recommended to offset the bolt circle on the brake disc inwards the required amount for radial clearance. The end result is the brake disc will have a slightly smaller bolt circle than the hub and the required radial clearance will be on the side where it is needed.

WARNING Do not use fitted bolts for installing brake discs. The bolt holes must over sized to permit uninhibited expansion.	
	Do not secure a brake disc to a rotating element by welding.
	Do not paint the cooling fins of a ventilated disc. The cooling efficiency will be compromised, and overheating may result.

If the disc was damaged during installation with nicks or welding marks, remove the defects before putting into service.

For cases where a disc guard or some protective cover is required for a ventilated disc ensure that the guard does not compromise the performance. An improperly designed cover or shield may cause air recirculation through the disc or radiant heat reflection, which could result in the disc overheating. The cooling air pumped through the disc must be exhausted away from the outer diameter of the disc to allow fresh, cool air to enter the inner vent opening of the disc.

2.3 CALIPER BRAKES

2.3.1 Mechanical

Perform the following steps to properly install a caliper brake:

- 1. Ensure that the brake has been manually opened (see section 3.1).
- 2. Lower the brake onto the brake pedestal and center over the mounting holes.
- 3. Using feeler gauges to ensure that the brake air gap is equal on both sides of the disc.

NOTICE Ensure the caliper is centered. The balancing link will be subjected to excessive stresses that will damage it.

- 4. Position the brake so that the outer radius of the brake shoe is in full contact with the Disc. Do not move the brake too close as enough radial distance must be provided to allow for disc expansion without causing interference between the outer circumference of the disc and the inner caliper frame.
- 5. Manually apply the brake onto the disc. The brake shoes will naturally align with the disc.
- 6. Probe under the brake base with feeler gauges to determine the shimming requirement.
- 7. Manually release the brake again and lift the brake up approximately two inches.
- 8. Insert the shims determined from step 6. Use ANSI shims that straddle the mounting bolts.
- 9. Insert the mounting bolts from underneath the pedestal using appropriate flat washers. The nut must be on top of the brake foot. The mounting bolts must be of SAE grade 5 or better. It is recommended to use a thread locking product such as Loctite[®] to ensure a vibration resistant and secure joint.
- 10. Lower the brake down and tighten the mounting bolts to the recommended preload.

2.3.2 Piping

The piping to the brakes must be adequately sized to ensure rapid response times in all weather conditions. The piping must be selected to safely withstand the pressures required to operate the brakes. Secure the piping against vibration with pipe clamps per the schedule in the table below.

PIPE CLAMP TABLE				
PIPE SCHEDULE	3/8"-%" tube	¼" – 1/2" pipe ½"-3/4" tube	¾" pipe 1"-1.25" tube	1" pipe 1.50" tube
		[DN8-DN15]	[DN20]	[DN25]
CLAMP SPACING	3 ft [914 mm]	4 ft [1219 mm]	5 ft [1524 mm]	6.5 ft [1981 mm]

Table 4: Pipe Clamp Table

All piping must be cleaned prior to connection to the actuators. Welded carbon steel piping must be pickled to remove the scale produced by welding.

The connections to the brake actuators must be made by hoses of suitable rating to accommodate the movement of the brake levers.

The brake actuators are equipped with different sizes of pressure ports. Consult the technical drawing of the relevant model code for the specific port data. Install the port fitting using thread sealant and tighten to 2 - 3 turns from finger tight. Use brass pipe fittings for making the connection as steel fittings are too heavy and may split the port.

CAUTION!



Do not over tighten the fitting in the actuator port as damage to the actuator may occur.

For spring applied / air released caliper brakes it is recommended to install a quick exhaust valve at each actuator.

For operation in sub-zero temperatures down to a minimum of 0°F [-20°C] the air must be dried to a dew point of -50°F [-44°F]

DANGER!



Failure to adequately dry the compressed air supply may result in the brake valve freezing and rendering the brakes inoperable in sub-zero weather conditions.

2.3.3 Instrumentation

Kobelt caliper disc brakes may be equipped with sensors and switches, such as the

- 6212-MSKIT brake release indicating switch kit or,
- 6212-WSKIT brake wear indicating switch kit

The connection to the switch must be made by cable or flexible conduit and a ½ NPT cable or conduit gland. To access the switch terminals, remove the two captive screws holding on the back cover. Connect the wires to the common (C) and normally open (NO) terminal screws using ring or spade terminals.

Follow the governing electrical code for wiring practices. Use only hardware approved for the zone that the brake is installed in.

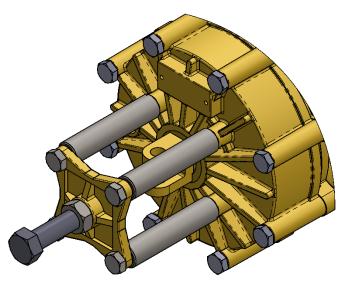
3 COMMISSIONING

3.1 CAGING



The Kobelt 5022-SA spring applied / air released caliper brake can be equipped with a manual release kit, part number **6212-RLKIT**. The release kit permits manual release of the brake in the event that fluid pressure is lost or not available. To manually release the brakes;

- Ensure that the fluid supply line is open to tank or atmosphere to permit the piston to displace the fluid from the actuator.
- Screw in the manual release bolt clockwise to open the brake shoes. If the brake is equipped with two actuators the release screws must be advanced in equal increments of one turn at a time.



DANGER!



The manual release screw must be fully retracted prior to putting the brakes into service. Failure to do so may result in a complete loss of brake torque.

Brakes without the manual release screw option will have to be opened using an external pressure source.

3.2 FLUSHING

Kobelt spring applied, air released disc brakes may be used in low pressure hydraulic applications. Before subjecting the brake system to full hydraulic pressure, the brake lines must be flushed to an ISO 4406 cleanliness rating of 19/17/14.

3.3 AIR GAP

Prior to putting the brakes into service ensure that the airgap between the brake pads and disc when the brakes are released is set to .01'' [.25 mm] per shoe. Adjust if necessary, per <u>section</u> 5.3.2.

3.4 FUNCTION TEST

Before burnishing the brakes perform a quick inspection and function test of the brakes:

- (1) Ensure that all mounting bolts are properly installed.
- (2) Ensure proper running clearance (air gap) with the disc.
- (3) Ensure unobstructed movement of the brake levers for full actuator extension.
- (4) Ensure the brake disc surface is clean. Remove all contamination from the disc with cleaning solvent.
- (5) Check the source of fluid supplied that it complies with the specified pressure range and that it is properly interlocked with other machinery such as clutches, electric motors, etc.
- (6) Check that all bolts are tight and cotter pins are in place.
- (7) Cycle the brakes and ensure that the brakes are operational

3.5 BURNISHING

Burnishing is required to achieve rated brake torque. The process of burnishing removes minor contaminants from the rubbing surfaces and improves the degree of contact between the brake pad and disc.

Before burnishing, the brake disc must be checked to ensure it is free from contamination and oil. Use a solvent and cloth to remove any oil residue. Slight surface rust will be removed during the burnishing process, but heavy rust should be removed prior to burnishing.

If present, safety interlocks of the drive mechanism should be temporarily defeated to allow the disc to be driven with the brake partially applied.

The temperature of the disc surface must be monitored during the burnishing process and kept between 250°F (120°C) and 500°F (260°C). If the upper temperature is reached, pause the burnishing process until the disc is cooled to the lower limit.

Extreme care must be taken not to overheat the disc during the process. On water cooled discs it may be necessary to limit the flow of cooling water to achieve the necessary disc temperature for effective burnishing.

WARNING Disc temperature must not exceed 700°F (371°C) or permanent degradation of the lining may occur.

Burnishing is best achieved by applying the maximum torque and minimum speed that the drive can tolerate. Depending on the configuration of the brake system it may be necessary to reduce the burnishing torque by;

- a) Partially releasing the brake with fluid pressure to a level that the drive can tolerate, or
- b) In systems with more than one brake, isolate all but one brake and burnish one brake at a time.

Three important points to consider when burnishing are;

- i. The temperature of the disc must be closely monitored. Excessive heat will damage the friction linings.
- ii. The duration of burnishing varies with each application.
- iii. Burnishing is not complete until the brake is producing rated torque. This will be indicated by the motor current while burnishing.

A Failure to properly burnish will not allow the brake to produce adequate torque for the intended duty.

3.6 TORQUE TEST

Before putting equipment into service, confirm that full rated braking torque has been achieved through load testing or a torque test against the drive motors. If full brake torque has not been achieved, continue burnishing.

4 OPERATION

4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

4.1.1 Pressure Supply

The release pressure for spring applied air release actuators are a maximum of 125 psi. Ensure that the system pressure is adequate to fully release the brakes.

It is necessary to size air compressors and storage tanks to provide sufficient air for the intended duty of the brakes. Actuators and control valves equipped with "U" cups and "O" rings require lubrication in order to provide long service life. Unlubricated seals will have excessive friction and wear. The oil that is required for the lubricator should be a hydraulic type with a viscosity grade of 10 to 32 centistokes. Heavy oils do not work well for lubricators.

The main supply line to the control and brake system should be equipped with a filter, regulator and lubricator. The filter's function is to remove moisture and dirt in the system and the regulator will provide a constant air pressure to the control system. If the brake system is operating in sub-zero temperatures, it is recommended to have an air dryer in the system to remove all moisture. Alternatively, a lubricator can be filled with methyl hydrate (wood alcohol) to prevent freezing of the air system.

Ambient Temperature Range	Approved Oil	Approved Brands
0+40 °C [+32+104 °F]	ISO VG 32, VI 60	Rando HD32, Mobil DTE, Tellus S2 V 32
-20+20 °C [-4+68 °F]	ISO VG 22, VI 150	Rando HDZ22, Mobil DTE10
+40+80 °C [+104+176 °F]	ISO VG 68, VI 60	Rando HD68, Mobil DTE, Tellus S2 V 68
-4020 °C [-404 °F]	ISO VG 26, VI 300	Univis HVI 26, Tellus S4 VX, Hydrex MV Arctic

For hydraulic applications the pressure supply system must supply a hydraulic oil appropriate for the service conditions. Consult the table below for approved oils.

In all cases hydraulic circuits must have a relief valve that is set to limit the system pressure to the rated maximum pressure of the actuator. In applications where the brakes cycle infrequently with significant changes in ambient temperature it may be necessary to provide a thermal relief to protect the actuators from over pressurization due to thermal expansion.

4.1.2 Control

Emergency brakes must be controlled by a system adhering to a "fail safe" methodology. Relays, contacts and valves must be "normally open". The use of detented, manual or spool valves is strongly discouraged as these devices can either be inadvertently closed or fail closed.

4.2 SERVICE LIMITS

4.2.1 Disc Temperature

The Kobelt brake lining achieves maximum friction at 300°F. Over 300°F the brake begins to fade or experience diminishing friction. The maximum operating temperature of the brake linings is 700 °F [371° C]. Temperatures in excess of this limit will permanently damage the linings and require replacement.

4.2.2 Ambient Temperature

In sub-zero temperatures, ventilated discs must be warmed up gently to avoid causing excessive thermal stresses in the disc. Failure to do so could cause the disc to crack. Once the temperature of the disc is out of freezing condition it can be used as normally intended.

Operating temperature of standard brake actuators is -40°C [-40°F] to 55°C [131°F]

4.2.3 Pressure

Do not allow the supply pressure to exceed the values given in the <u>Technical Data</u> section. If the available supply pressure exceeds the maximum allowable working pressure, then some form of a pressure regulator is required. Also, the pressure supply system must be equipped with a safety relief value to ensure the given maximum allowable working pressure.

4.2.4 Disc speed

The potential imbalance in the ventilated disc could be detrimental to rotating equipment at high speeds. For running speeds greater than the values listed in the table below the discs must be balanced. Under no circumstances must the running speed exceed the value given in the right-hand column.

Part	Nominal OD		Max.	Speed
Number	inch	mm	rp	m
2" x 4" Series			Standard	Balanced
2-4-18	18	457	1450	3070
2-4-20	20	508	1260	2750
2-4-25	25	635	960	2200
2-4-30	30	762	770	1800
2-4-35	35	889	650	1550
2-4-40	40	1016	560	1350
2-4-45	45	1143	490	1200
2-4-50	50	1270	440	1070

Table 5: Maximum Disc Speeds

5 MAINTENANCE

5.1 PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

Maintenance Item	Daily	Monthly	Annually	5 years
Torque Test	✓			
Inspect for leaks	~			
Measure air gap		✓		
Determine pad life		✓		
Lubricate pivot pins			✓	
Inspect brake disc			✓	
Inspect Brake pins				\checkmark
Service Actuators				\checkmark

Maintenance Schedule

5.2 INSPECTION

5.2.1 Pad Wear

The running clearance (air gap) between lining and disc must be maintained within the specified limits. Failure to do so will result in the brake not capable of producing rated torque. When the running clearance has reached .04" [1 mm] the brake must be adjusted back to .01" [.25 mm] per shoe. Refer to <u>section 5.3.2</u>.

The maximum allowable pad life has been reached when the brake pad has worn down to 3/16" [4.8 mm] thick. The lining must be replaced before the shoe lining bolts or rivets start making contact with the brake disc.

5.2.2 Seals

The actuator seals should be inspected on a periodic basis. Soapy water applied to the actuator rod would indicate any seal leakage.

5.2.3 Actuator Test

Occasionally it may be necessary to test the actuator springs as a means of trouble shooting. The easiest method is to measure the hold-off and release pressure of the actuator. The release pressure is defined as the minimum pressure required to fully retract the actuator whereas hold-off pressure is defined as the pressure at which the actuator begins to extend. Both of these pressures give an indication of the condition of the actuator.

To conduct this test a dial indicator or depth micrometer is required as well as a pressure source with a calibrated gauge. The pressure source must have a means of accurately controlling the pressure. Follow these steps to perform the test:

- 1. Connect the pressure source to the actuator and fully retract the actuator. Be careful not to exceed the MAWP of the actuator.
- 2. Install the dial indicator to sense the rod stroke and set the dial to zero.
- 3. Begin reducing the pressure in small increments (5% of rated system pressure) and observe the displacement on the dial indicator.
- 4. When the dial indicator has moved at least .01" [.25 mm] note the pressure. This is the hold-off pressure. The measured value must be within +/- 5% of the specified value.
- 5. Continue dropping the pressure to allow the actuator to extend 0.1" [2.5 mm].
- 6. Begin increasing the pressure in small increments and observe the displacement on the dial indicator.
- 7. The minimum pressure required to return the actuator rod back to within .01" [.25 mm] is the release pressure. Note this pressure. The measured release pressure must be within +/-5% of the specified value.

5.2.4 Pin Wear

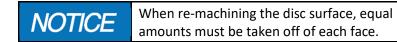
The pivot pins must be removed for inspection once every five years. If there is any evidence of heavy scoring more than .01" [.25 mm] deep or if any area of the pin has been worn down by more than .01" [.25 mm] then replace the pins.

5.2.5 Brake Disc

The brake disc must be inspected periodically to monitor the condition of the braking surface. When the condition of the braking surface has deteriorated to the point that the quality requirements in section 2.2 are no longer met the disc must be removed and resurfaced or replaced. Follow the minimum thickness allowances in the table below as a guideline for when a disc must be replaced.

Table 6: Brake Disc Minimum Thickness Allowances			
Brake Disc Minimum Thickness			
Disc Series Original Thickness Minimum Thickness			
in [mm] in [mm]			
2-4-XX	2.00 [50.8]	1.90 [48.5]	

Table 6:	Brake	Disc	Minimum	Thickness	Allowances
rabic 0.	Drunc	DISC		THICKINC 35	/ mowances



5.3 SERVICE

5.3.1 Lubrication

Disc brake calipers equipped with spring applied, air released actuators must have a lubricator in the control air system using light hydraulic oil as a lubricant. This is to prevent premature seal wear and reduce seal friction.

All Kobelt calipers, during assembly, are pre-greased on the shoe pin and saddle pin with a Lithium based NLGI 2 grease. These pins must be re-greased no less than once annually.

5.3.2 Stroke Adjustment

On spring applied calipers, the running clearance between the shoe and disc must be maintained within specifications.

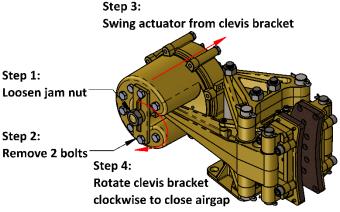


DANGER! Failure to maintain the running clearance within the specified limits

will not allow the brake to produce adequate torque for the intended duty.

Air Gap Adjustment Procedure:

- Apply 120 psi of pressure to open the brake & loosen the clevis jam nut on both actuators.
- 2. Remove the 2 screws on each clevis bracket
- Push the actuator away to separate the actuator assembly from the clevis bracket
- Rotate each clevis bracket to desired position (1 full turn = 0.025in [0.7mm] of shoe movement)



5. Reinstall clevis brackets into position, tighten screws

WARNING Ensure that the valve isolating the brakes is locked out and the pressure securely retained in the brake actuator prior to performing work.

Note:

- 1. When the spring side clevis has been adjusted to its maximum position, further adjustments may be made to the rod side clevis.
- 2. When the brake linings are replaced, it will be necessary to reset the clevises by turning inward to allow for the extra thickness of a new lining.

5.3.3 Release Limit Switch If the brake is equipped with a 6212-MSKIT release indicating limit switch, the switch position must be adjusted after any wear adjustments.

Step 1: Begin by loosening the two mounting screws with a Philips driver and a 5/16" wrench.

Step 2: With the switch loose pressurize the brake to retract the actuator.

Step 3: Slide the switch forward or back until the switch plunger contacts the pin and trips the switch.

Step 4: Retighten the two mounting screws.

5.3.4 Wear Indicating Limit Switch If the brake is equipped with a 6212-WSKIT wear indicating limit switch, the switch position must be adjusted after any wear adjustments.

Step 1: Begin by loosening the two mounting screws with a Philips driver and a 5/16" wrench.

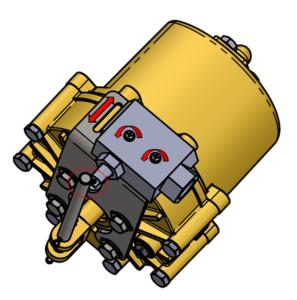
Step 2: With the switch loose pressurize the brake to retract the actuator.

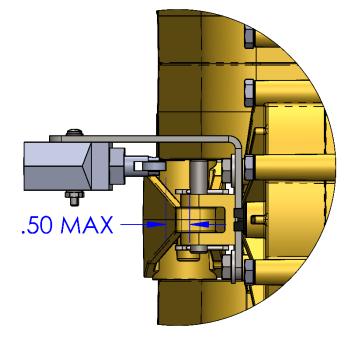
Step 3: Slide the switch back to leave a ½" [13mm] maximum gap between the switch plunger and the pin.

Step 4: Retighten the two mounting screws.

5.3.5 Spring Actuators

If maintenance is required on the spring applied actuator, it must first be removed from the brake assembly. To remove the actuator, pressure must be applied to the actuator to release the brake. After removal, the actuator must be retained in a press strong enough to retain the spring tension. The bolts holding both housings can now be removed, and the pressure of the press can be slowly released thus allowing the housings to separate. Clean the actuator, replace seals, inspect springs and change parts if necessary. Lubricate all moving parts, re-assemble and re-install actuator in reverse order.





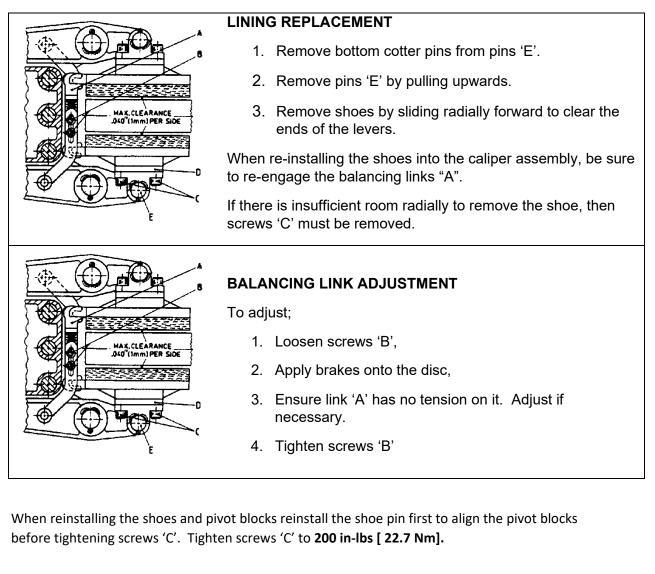
BRAKE ACTUATORS CONTAIN COMPRESSED SPRINGS



The brake actuators contain springs that are under compression even when the brakes are not pressurized. The springs will release suddenly if disassembled incorrectly posing a risk of serious injury or death. Do not attempt to disassemble the actuators without clear work instructions and training.

5.3.6 Brake Linings

The linings must be replaced before the rivets make contact with the disc. Remove worn linings from the shoe by drilling out the rivets with a $\frac{1}{2}$ drill. Install new linings with the proper rivets.



5.4 RECOMMENDED SPARES

The spare parts kept on hand will depend on the severity of the service. As a minimum Kobelt recommends keeping the following parts for each brake in service:

- 1. One Lined set of brake shoes
- 2. One set of brake pads with rivets
- 3. One actuator
- 4. Two seal kits

Refer to the parts list drawings in <u>Appendix B</u> for a complete list of parts.

The table below itemizes which kit/spare part numbers change with the various brake configuration options. Please reference this table to ensure you receive the correct parts.

Tuble 7. Conjiguration Kit Numbers					
Co	Configuration Kit Numbers				
Actuator Code	Actuator No.	Description			
-SA	6212	102 psi release			
-SA90	6212-90	87 psi release			
-SA75	6212-75	76 psi release			
-SA60	6212-60	62 psi release			
-SA50	6212-50	52 psi release			
Disc Code	Shim Kit	Disc Thickness			
-175	5022-1750	1.750 in			
-150	5022-1500	1.500 in			
-125	5022-1250	1.250 in			
-100	5022-1000	1.000 in			
Friction Code	Lined Shoe	Friction Material			
-N	5022-LSN4	non-sparking			
-C	5022-LSC4	low COF (.1215)			
-Е	5022-LSE4	mid COF (.2528)			

Table 7: Configuration Kit Numbers

6 WARRANTY

Kobelt Manufacturing Co. Ltd. ("Kobelt") warrants the Products and Parts manufactured by Kobelt to be free from defects in workmanship or material and that said products are designed mechanically and functionally to perform to specifications.

This warranty is effective providing:

- The equipment is used within the intended operating conditions and in accordance with Kobelt recommendations
- The equipment is installed according to equipment diagrams, specifications and recommendations which Kobelt has provided

This warranty becomes invalid if the factory supplied serial number has been removed or altered on the product. This warranty does not cover cosmetic damage or damage caused by an act of God, accident, misuse, abuse, negligence or modification of any part of the product. This warranty does not cover damage due to improper operation or maintenance, connection to inappropriate equipment or attempted repair by anyone other than an authorized Kobelt representative.

Upon identification of a potential issue or defect with a Kobelt Product or Part, the Warranty Applicant ("Applicant") must immediately contact Kobelt and describe the issue in writing, by letter, fax, email or other electronic conveyance. Kobelt will then assess the cause of the defect, and determine warranty applicability and appropriate remediation.

If any part is found to be defective, Kobelt will replace said part FOB the Kobelt factory provided that any such defective part is returned by the Buyer with freight and applicable forwarding charges prepaid by the Buyer. Kobelt's sole obligation to the Applicant will be to repair or replace the defective part with same or similar product, to a maximum value of the list price of the product or part. The Kobelt warranty does not cover labour charges, travel or any other associated expenses.

All Products and Parts manufactured by Kobelt, with the exception of brake discs and pads, are subject to a warranty against manufacturer's defects in materials or workmanship for a period of two (2) years from the date of purchase. Brake discs are subject to a one (1) year warranty period, and brake pads and linings are not covered by warranty.

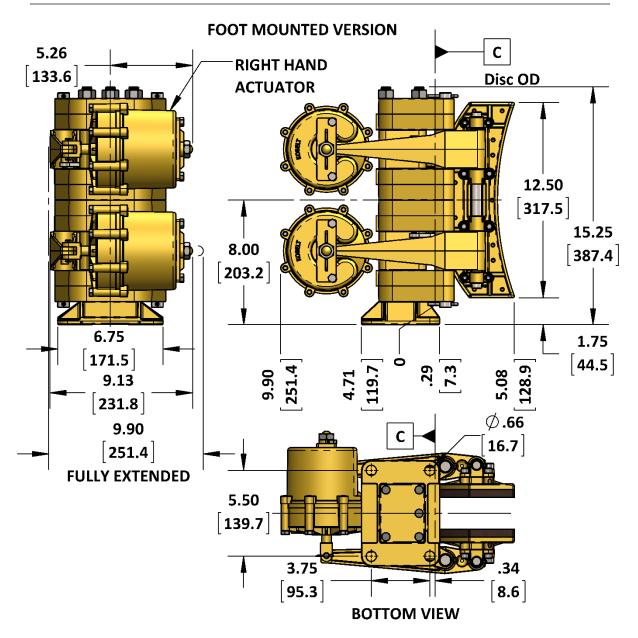
Kobelt will be responsible for all Products or Parts sold by Kobelt but manufactured by 3rd party manufacturing companies. However, these products and parts are subject to applicable 3rd party warranties, and may not be the same as the Kobelt warranty.

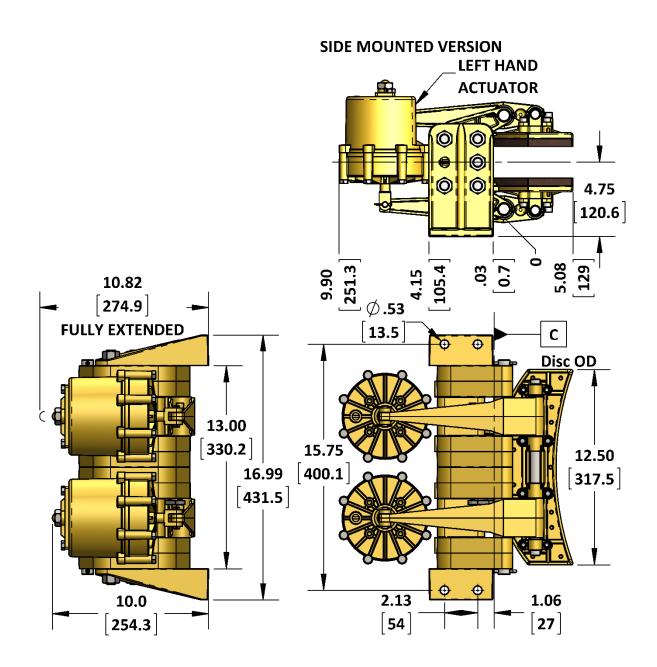
7 REVISION HISTORY

Document Revision	Release Date	CO	Author	Revision Summary
В	2025-02-04	-	HE	Added wear switch kit instructions

Table 7: Revision History

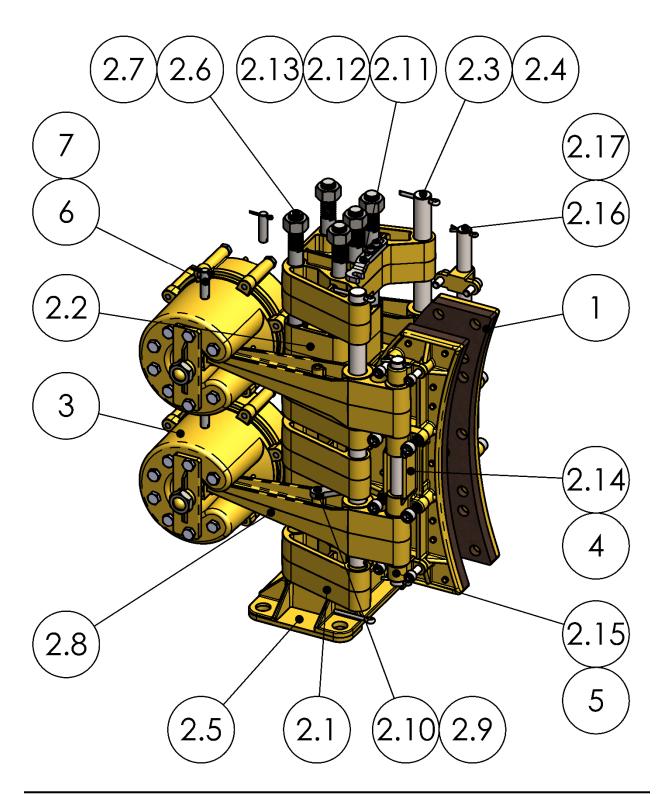
8 APPENDIX A: TECHNICAL DRAWINGS



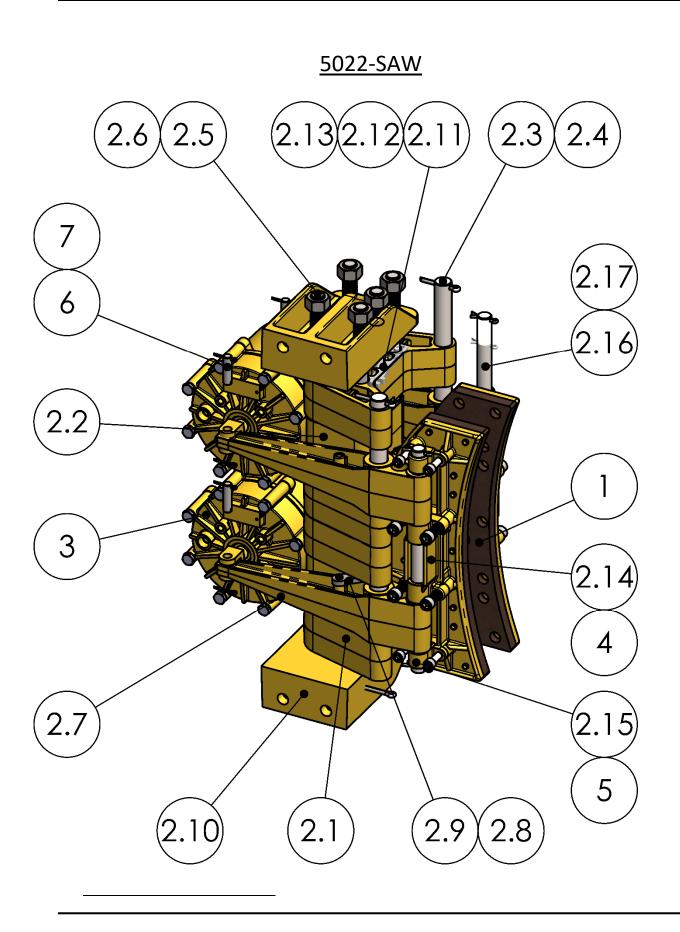


9 APPENDIX B: PARTS LIST DRAWINGS

<u>5022-SA</u>

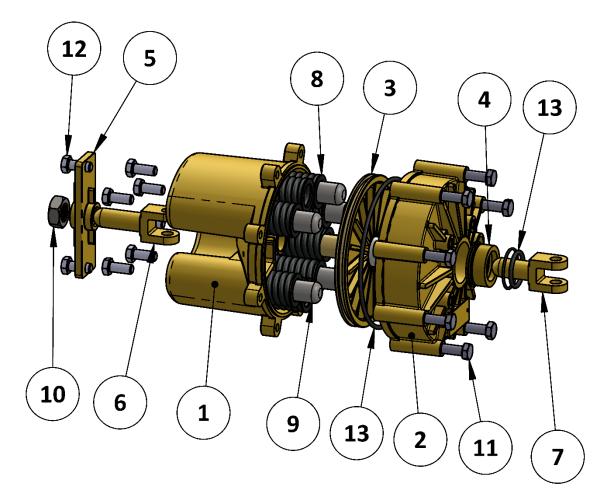


ITEM	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	2	5022-LS	SHOE ASSEMBLY, 5022 CALIPER, 1/2 IN K5
2	1	5022-SUB	SUB-ASSEMBLY, 5022 CALIPER
2.1	4	5021-0002	SADDLE, 5021 CALIPER
2.2	2	5021-0003	SPACER, 5021 CALIPER
2.3	2	5022-0022	SADDLE PIN, 5022 CALIPER
2.4	4	1026-0824	COTTER PIN, 3/16 x 1 1/2, 18-8
2.5	1	5021-0001	FOOT
2.6	5	5022-0023	TIE ROD, 5022 CALIPER
2.7	5	1022-0116	HEX NUT - REGULAR; 5/8-11 UNC GR 18-8
2.8	4	5021-0004	LEVER, 5021 CALIPER
2.9	2	5021-0226	LINK PIN 5/16 UNC X 7/8 LG
2.1	2	5022-0011	BALANCING LINK, PART 1, 5022 CALIPER
2.11	2	5022-0112	BALANCING LINK, PART 2, 5022 CALIPER
2.12	4	1002-0808	SCREW, SKT HD CAP, #10 UNC x 1/2 LG, SS
2.13	4	1023-0108	WASHER FLAT #10 TYPE A SS
2.14	2	5022-0013	CENTRE BEARING
2.15	4	5022-0014	OUTSIDE BEARING
2.16	2	5022-0021	SHOE PIN, 5022 CALIPER
2.17	4	1026-0516	COTTER PIN; 1/8 DIA X 1 LG. 18-8
3	2	6212	SPRING APPLIED ACTUATOR, 6212
4	8	1002-1216	SCREW, SKT HD CAP, 3/8-16 UNC X 1, SS
5	8	1002-1112	SCREW, SKT HD, 5/16-18 X 3/4, 18-8
6	4	6112-0010-L	PIN, LONG, 6112 ACTUATOR
7	8	1026-0312	COTTER PIN 3/32 X 3/4 SS



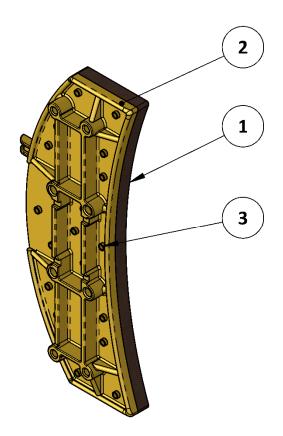
ITEM	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	2	5022-LS	SHOE ASSEMBLY, 5022 CALIPER, 1/2 IN K5
2	1	5022-SUB-W	SUB-ASSEMBLY, 5022 CALIPER
2.1	4	5021-0002	SADDLE, 5021 CALIPER
2.2	2	5021-0003	SPACER, 5021 CALIPER
2.3	2	5022-0022	SADDLE PIN, 5022 CALIPER
2.4	4	1026-0824	COTTER PIN, 3/16 x 1 1/2, 18-8
2.5	5	5022-0023	TIE ROD, 5022 CALIPER
2.6	10	1022-0116	HEX NUT - REGULAR; 5/8-11 UNC GR 18-8
2.7	4	5021-0004	LEVER, 5021 CALIPER
2.8	2	5021-0226	LINK PIN 5/16 UNC X 7/8 LG
2.9	2	5022-0011	BALANCING LINK, PART 1, 5022 CALIPER
2.1	2	5021-0101	SIDE MOUNT BRACKET, 5021 CALIPER
2.11	2	5022-0112	BALANCING LINK, PART 2, 5022 CALIPER
2.12	4	1002-0808	SCREW, SKT HD CAP, #10 UNC x 1/2 LG, SS
2.13	4	1023-0108	WASHER FLAT #10 TYPE A SS
2.14	2	5022-0013	CENTRE BEARING
2.15	4	5022-0014	OUTSIDE BEARING
2.16	2	5022-0021	SHOE PIN, 5022 CALIPER
2.17	4	1026-0516	COTTER PIN; 1/8 DIA X 1 LG. 18-8
3	2	6212	SPRING APPLIED ACTUATOR, 6212
4	8	1002-1216	SCREW, SKT HD CAP, 3/8-16 UNC X 1, SS
5	8	1002-1112	SCREW, SKT HD, 5/16-18 X 3/4, 18-8
6	4	6112-0010-L	PIN, LONG, 6112 ACTUATOR
7	8	1026-0312	COTTER PIN 3/32 X 3/4 SS

6212 Actuator



ITE M	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	6212-0001	SPRING HOUSING
2	1	6212-0002	CYLINDER HEAD
3	1	6212-0003-K	PISTON, CHROMED
4	1	6212-PHB	ROD BUSHING
5	1	6212-0004	CLEVIS BRACKET
6	1	6212-0005-L	CLEVIS, LONG, 5/8 UNC X 3/8 PIN
7	1	6212-0005-S	CLEVIS, SHORT, 5/8 UNC X 3/8 PIN
8	8	1201-0035	COMPRESSION SPRING; HEAVY
9	6	6212-0016	SPRING GUIDE; HEAVY
10	1	1022-0216	JAM NUT; 5/8-11, 18-8
11	8	1001-1136	SCREW, HX HD CAP, 5/16-18 X 2-1/4, 18-8
12	8	1001-1112	SCREW HEX HEAD, 5/16-18 x 3/4, 18-8
13	1	6212-RK	SEAL KIT, 6212 ACTUATOR

<u>5022-LS</u>



ITEM QTY. PART NUMBER DESCRIPTION

1	1	5022-0007	BRAKE PAD; 1/2IN K5
2	1	5022-0005	BRAKE SHOE
3	19	1033-1007	RIVET, 1/4 X 7/16 (10-7), BRASS